An Investigation of Illegal Farm Evictions in the Great Kei Local Municipality

By

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DECLARATION

I, Kholekile Templeton Sonjica, Student Number 9026429, hereby declare that the work in this dissertation is my original work with the exception of such quotations and references that are attributed to their sources and are acknowledged as such.

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Dated this 08th day of January 2008.

ABSTRACT

This research entails a case study on the investigation of illegal farm evictions in the Great Kei Local Municipality of the Eastern Cape. The study was propelled by the plight of people living and working on farms in South Africa who are always victims of illegal farm evictions. Such evictions in many an instance violate their basic human rights protected by South Africa's constitution and many other international conventions.

It is hoped that the findings and recommendations of the research will have a profound impact on how illegal farm evictions in future will be handled by those championing the rights of people living and working on farms. Similarly, there is hope that this study will create an interest in others to new broader issues of human rights protection. A closer look at concepts like constructive evictions is necessary because of their traumatic nature to their victims.

The study is divided into five chapters.

1. Introduction

This chapter provides a background, the purpose of the study, specific objectives or research questions, hypotheses or assumptions of the study, the significance of the study, justification or rationale of the study, delimitation of the study, literature review, methodology, ethical considerations, and the limitations of the study.

2. The history of farm evictions in South Africa

This chapter gives an outline of farm evictions in South Africa from both the colonial and apartheid

3. The culture of human rights in South Africa

This chapter examines the institutions and instruments that influence the human rights culture in South Africa. It focuses on the legislative framework of human rights.

4. Farm evictions in the Great Kei Local Municipality of the Eastern Cape

This chapter discusses farm evictions in the Great Kei Local Municipality and South Africa in general between December 2001 and December 2006. A case study of the same municipality is the nucleus of this research.

5. Conclusion

The evaluation, findings, and recommendations of the study form the greater part of the chapter.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ADLDO - Amathole District Level Delivery Office

ACHPR - African Charter on Human and Peoples Rights

ACHR - American Convention on Human Rights

ADRDM - American Declaration of the Rights and Duties of Man

Agri EC – Agri Eastern Cape

Agri SA - Agriculture South Africa

AMWU - African Mine Workers Union

ANC – African National Congress

APLA - African People's Liberation Army

AZAPO - Azanian People's Organisation

BPC - Black People's Convention

CATOCIDTP - Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or

Degrading Treatment or Punishment

CBOs – Community Based Organisations

CERD - Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination

CEDAW - Convention on the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women

CESCR -International Covenant on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights

CCPR - International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

CRC - Convention on the Rights of the Child

CRLR - Commission on the Restitution of Land Rights

CRSR - Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees

CSARPA - Convention on Specific Aspects of Refugee Problems in Africa

DLA - Department of Land Affairs

DLDOs - District Level Delivery Offices

ECAB - Eastern Cape Administration Board

ECARP - Eastern Cape Agricultural Research Group

ECDLA – Eastern Cape Department of Land Affairs

ECHR - European Convention on Human Rights

ECSAPS - Eastern Cape South African Police Service

ESTA - Extension of Security of Tenure Act, 62 of 1997

Final Report - Final Report on the Inquiry into Human Rights Violations in

Farming Communities

GAB - Group Areas Board

GKLM - Great Kei Local Municipality

LAB - Legal Aid Board

LCC - Land Claims Court

LTCB - Labour Tenant Control Board

LPM – Landless People's Movement

LTA - Land Reform (Labour Tenants) Act 3 of 1996

MPs - Municipal Profiles 2006

NAFU - National African Farmer's Union

NGO's – Non-Governmental Organisations

NP - National Party

PAC – Pan-Africanist Congress of Azania

PGC - Protocols to the Geneva Convention

PNURA - Promotion of National Unity and Reconciliation Act

PSANNC - Petition from the South African Native National Congress, 1914

QSSRM - Qualitative Social Science Research Methodology

RNLA – RNLC - Resolution against the Natives Land Act 1913 and the Report of the Natives Land Commission

RNLS – Report of the National Land Summit 27 – 30 July 2005

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SADT - South African Development Trust

SAHRC - South African Human Rights Commission

SAHW- South African History Website

SANNC – South African Native National Congress

SANT – South African Native Trust

SASM - South African Students' Movement

SASO - South African Students' Organisation

SKFNS - Summary of Key Findings from the National Survey

SPP – Surplus People Project

TAU - Transvaal Agricultural Union

TBVC - Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei

TC – Memorandum to negotiate for the Tshatshu Claim (TC) at the Regional

Land Claims Commission of the Eastern Cape

TGME – Transvaal Gold Mining Estates Limited

TRC – Truth and Reconciliation Commission

UDF - United Democratic Front

UDHR - Universal Declaration of Human Rights

UFHLAC - University of Fort Hare Legal Aid Clinic

ACTS OF PARLIAMENT

Union of South Africa: Constitution of the Union of South Africa Act, 1909.

Republic of South Africa: Natives Land Act, 27 of 1913.

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110 of 1983.

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200 of 1993.

Republic of South Africa: Promotion of National Unity and Reconciliation Act,

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Republic of South Africa: Security of Tenure Act, 62 of 1996.

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108 of 1996.

Republic of South Africa: Extension of Security of Tenure Act, 62 of 1997.

Republic of South Africa: Communal Land Rights Act, 11 of 2004.

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